Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace any/all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application, wherein additions are shown in underlined text and deletions are shown in strike-out text or between brackets ([]):

- 1. **(Original)** A catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus, the catalytic composite comprising:
- a) a support structure, made of a non zeolite inorganic oxide, having a void fraction ranging from 0.30 to 0.95 and a surface area of from 40 m^2/g to 500 m^2/g , the support structure having a shape selected from a ring, a hollow cylinder, a cross or multi partition ring or cylinder with 2, 3, or 4 cell partitions, a saddle, a solid ring, a solid cylinder, a sphere, and a honeycomb body; and
- b) from 0.01 to 10% by weight of a catalytically active species comprising a group VIII metal, based on the weight of the catalytic composite, which is deposited on the support structure.
- 2. **(Currently Amended)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the void fraction is from 0.30 to 0.95-and the surface area is from 50 m²/g to 500 m²/g.
- 3. **(Currently Amended)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to claim 1-or-2, wherein the inorganic oxide is selected from the group consisting of alumina, silica, titania, zirconia and mixtures thereof.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to claim 1-er-2, wherein the inorganic oxide is γ -alumina.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to claim 1-or-2, wherein the inorganic oxide is α -alumina.

- 6. **(Currently Amended)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to any one of claims claim 1-to-5, wherein the support structure is in the shape of a Raschig ring.
- 7. **(Currently Amended)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to any one of claims claim 1-to-6, wherein the group VIII metal is nickel.
- 8. **(Currently Amended)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to any one of claims claim 1-to-7, wherein the group VIII metal is in the form of a metal salt or a metal complex.
- 9. **(Original)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to claim 8, wherein the metal salt is in an ionic state.
- 10. **(Original)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to claim 8, wherein the metal salt is a metal sulphate, a metal phosphate, a metal oxalate or a metal acetate.
- 11. **(Currently Amended)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to any one of claims claim 1-to-6, wherein the catalytically active species is nickel sulphate.
- 12. **(Currently Amended)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to any one of claims claim 1-to-6, wherein the catalytically active species is nickel chloride.
- 13. **(Currently Amended)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to-any one of claims claim 9-to-12, wherein the catalytically active species is in admixture with ammonium sulphate or ammonium phosphate.

- 14. **(Currently Amended)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to any one of claims claim 1-to 6, wherein the catalytically active species <u>further</u> comprises a group VIII metal and a ligand, wherein the ligand comprises one or more atoms selected from the group consisting of carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen and phosphorus.
- 15. **(Original)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to claim 14, wherein the group VIII metal is in the zero oxidation state.
- 16. **(Currently Amended)** The catalytic composite for use as a random packing material and catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to any one of claims claim 1-to-6, wherein the group VIII metal is palladium, platinum or rhodium.
- 17. **(Currently Amended)** A process for the selective dimerization of a lower alkene to a C₆-C₁₂ alkene, which process comprises contacting the lower alkene with-a <u>the</u> catalytic composite as claimed in any one of claims of claim 1-to 16, under catalytic distillation conditions.
- 18. (Original) The process according to claim 17, wherein the lower alkene is selected from 1-butene, 2-butene and isobutene, and the C_6 - C_{12} alkene is selected from trimethylpentene, n-octene, dimethylhexene and methylheptene.
- 19. **(Currently Amended)** The process according to claim 17-or-18, wherein the catalytic composite is admixed with inert distillation packing.
- 20. (Original) The process according to claim 19, wherein the ratio of the catalytic composite to inert distillation packing is from 10:1 to 1:10.
- 21. (Original) The process according to claim 19, wherein the catalytic composite and inert distillation packing are used in separate zones of the catalytic distillation column.

- 22. (Original) The process according to claim 17, wherein the lower alkene is a C_4 alkene and the C_6 to C_{12} alkene is predominantly a C_8 alkene.
- 23. (Original) The process according to claim 22, wherein the C_8 alkene is a trimethylpentene.
- 24. **(Currently Amended)** A process for the hydrogenation of an alkene to an alkane, which process comprises contacting the alkene with-a the catalytic composite-as claimed in any one of claims of claim 14 to 16, and hydrogen, under catalytic distillation conditions.
- 25. (Original) The process according to claim 24 wherein the alkene is selected from trimethylpentene, n-octene, dimethylhexene and methylheptene.
- 26. **(Currently Amended)** The process according to claim 24 or 25, wherein the catalytic composite is admixed with inert distillation packing.
- 27. **(Original)** The process according to claim 26, wherein the ratio of the catalytic composite to inert distillation packing is from 10:1 to 1:10.
- 28. (Original) The process according to claim 26 wherein the catalytic composite and inert distillation packing are used in separate zones of the catalytic distillation column.
- 29. **(Currently Amended)** The process according to any one of claims claim 24 to 28, wherein the alkene is trimethylpentene and the alkane is trimethylpentane.

4 . 2

- 30. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing high octane compounds, the process comprising:
- a) contacting, under catalytic distillation conditions to obtain a C6 to C18 alekene, a C_2 to C_6 alkene with a <u>first</u> catalytic composite as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 16, under catalytic distillation conditions, to obtain a C_6 to C_{18} alkene, the first catalytic composite comprising
 - (i) a support structure, made of a non zeolite inorganic oxide, having a void fraction ranging from 0.30 to 0.95 and a surface area of from 40 m²/g to 500 m²/g, the support structure having a shape selected from a ring, a hollow cylinder, a cross or multi partition ring or cylinder with 2, 3, or 4 cell partitions, a saddle, a solid ring, a solid cylinder, a sphere, and a honeycomb body, and
 - (ii) from 0.01 to 10% by weight of a catalytically active species comprising a group VIII metal, based on the weight of the catalytic composite, which is deposited on the support structure; and
- b) contacting <u>under catalytic distillation conditions to obtain a C_6 to C_{18} alkane the C_6 to C_{18} alkane from step a) with a <u>second catalytic composite as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 16, and hydrogen, under catalytic distillation conditions, to obtain a C_6 to C_{18} alkane, the <u>second catalytic composite comprising</u></u></u>
 - (i) a support structure, made of a non zeolite inorganic oxide, having a void fraction ranging from 0.30 to 0.95 and a surface area of from 40 m²/g to 500 m²/g, the support structure having a shape selected from a ring, a hollow cylinder, a cross or multi partition ring or cylinder with 2, 3, or 4 cell partitions, a saddle, a solid ring, a solid cylinder, a sphere, and a honeycomb body, and
 - (ii) from 0.01 to 10% by weight of a catalytically active species comprising a group VIII metal, based on the weight of the catalytic composite, which is deposited on the support structure, and a ligand comprises one or more atoms selected from the group consisting of carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen and phosphorus.
- 31. **(Original)** The process according to claim 30, wherein the process steps a) and b) are carried out in a single catalytic distillation column.
- 32. (Original) The process according to claim 30, wherein the process steps a) and b) are carried out in separate catalytic distillation columns.

- 33. (Currently Amended) The process according to claim 30 or 31, wherein the C_2 to C_6 alkene is a C_4 alkene and the C_6 to C_{18} alkene is a C_8 alkene.
- 34. (Original) The process according to claim 33, wherein the C₈ alkene is trimethylpentene.
- 35. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing high octane compounds, the process comprising:
- a) contacting isobutene with-a the catalytic composite-as claimed in any one of claims of claim 1-to-16, under catalytic distillation conditions, to obtain trimethylpentene; and
- b) contacting trimethylpentene with a hydrogenation catalyst, and hydrogen, under batch reaction conditions or under hydrogenation reaction conditions to obtain trimethylpentane.
 - 36. (Currently Amended) A process for the production of C_6 - C_{18} alkenes, which process comprises contacting a mixture of C_2 - C_6 alkenes with a the catalytic composite as claimed in any one of claims of claim 1-to 16, under catalytic distillation conditions.
 - 37. (Original) A process according to claim 36, wherein each C_2 - C_6 alkene in the mixture is oligomerized within different reactive zones found in a single catalytic distillation column.
 - 38. (Original) A process according to claim 36, wherein each C₂-C₆ alkene is oligomerized within different reactive zones found in two or more linked catalytic distillation column.
 - 39. (Currently Amended) A process according to any one of claims claim 36-to 38, wherein the mixture of C₂-C₆ alkenes comprises one or more C₄ alkenes.

- 40. (Currently Amended) A process for the selective oligomerization of a lower alkene to a C_6 - C_{18} alkene, which process comprises contacting a mixture of C_2 to C_6 alkenes and C_1 to C_6 alkanes with-a the catalytic composite as claimed in any one of claims of claim 1 to 16, under catalytic distillation conditions.
- 41. **(Original)** A catalytic composite for use as a random packing hydrogenation catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus, the catalytic composite comprising:
- a) a support structure, made of an inorganic oxide and having a void fraction ranging from 0.30 to 0.95, the support structure having a shape selected from a ring, a hollow cylinder, a cross or multi partition ring or cylinder with 2, 3, or 4 cell partitions, a saddle, a solid ring, a solid cylinder, a sphere, and a honeycomb body; and
- b) from 0.01 to 10% by weight of palladium, platinum or rhodium, based on the weight of the catalytic composite, which is deposited on the support structure
- 42. (Original) The catalytic composite for use as a random packing hydrogenation catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to claim 41, wherein the inorganic oxide is α -alumina.
- 43. (Original) The catalytic composite for use as a random packing hydrogenation catalyst in a catalytic distillation apparatus according to claim 42, wherein the α -alumina has a surface area of from 0.1 to 1.0 m²/g.
- 44. **(Currently Amended)** A process for the hydrogenation of butadiene, the process comprising contacting butadiene with a <u>the</u> catalytic composite as claimed in any one of claims of claim 41 to 43, and hydrogen, under catalytic distillation conditions.
- 45. **(Currently Amended)** A process for the selective hydrogenation of methylacetylene and propadiene in a C3 fraction to provide propylene, the process comprising contacting the C3 fraction with-a the catalytic composite-as claimed in any one of claims of claim 41-to 43, and hydrogen, under catalytic distillation conditions.

- 46. **(Currently Amended)** A process for the selective hydrogenation of allene and propyne in a fluid catalytic cracking (FCC) stream, the process comprising contacting the FCC stream with-a the catalytic composite-as claimed in any one of claims of claim 41-to-43, and hydrogen, under catalytic distillation conditions.
- 47. **(Currently Amended)** A process for the selective hydrogenation of butadiene in a raffinate I or a raffinate II stream to provide a butene, the process comprising contacting the raffinate I or the raffinate II stream with-a the catalytic composite-as claimed in any one-of-claims of claim 41-to-43, and hydrogen, under catalytic distillation conditions.